Using SQL for data consolidation in R

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Working with multiple data sources implies data cleaning and consolidation prior to analysis. R has become popular among social scientists (Kelley, 2007; Clark, 2014), who are advised to screen data in a "favorite spreadsheet program" (Muenchen, 2011:21), before importing it to R. This way, users avoid typing in the R console and are supported by a graphical user interface. Even for experienced R users, querying/retrieving data from multiple large sources takes a lot of computing power, which is better handled by SQL language (Table 2; KeyCentrix, 2015).

Examples of the main commands of the R 'sqldf' package in Table 1. Differences between SQL and R languages in Table 2.

Table 1. SQL functions used in 'sqldf' for data cleaning and database consolidation

Task	Function(s)
Data cleaning: identify unique values	Select distinct from
Data cleaning: delete missing values	Select from where is not null
Merging data (union / add rows)	Select union select union select
Merge data frames with different # of col-	Select df1.v1, df1.v2, df1.v3 from df1 union
umns	df2.v1, d f2.null , df2.v3 from df2
Consolidate n data frames using unique id,	Select df1.v1, df2.v1 from df1, df2 where
discard all non-matches	df1.id = df2.id
Consolidate n data frames keeping all base-	Select df1.*, df2.* from df1 left join df2 on
line records	df1.id = df2.id
Basic data aggregation operations	Select count (), avg () group by
Data integrity (check-ups)	Select where vl [not] in (select)
Reorder columns of a data frame	Select v3, v4, v2, v1 from df

Table 2. Differences between SQL and R languages.

	SQL	R
Function	Data optimizing, updating, querying	Statistical data analysis
Math&stats	Only basic operations	Specific functions for complex operations.
Syntax	More anthropomorphic	Less intelligible
Memory	Retrieves the specific data needed for each query, when prompted.	Loads all data on RAM memory.

Although SQL and R have similar toolsets, the nature of SQL and 'sqldf', make it more agile for data structuring and querying prior to data analysis with R.